

The French Tide Gauges Network in Southern Ocean and Antarctica

ROSAME

Conclusions and recommendations after 25 years of experience

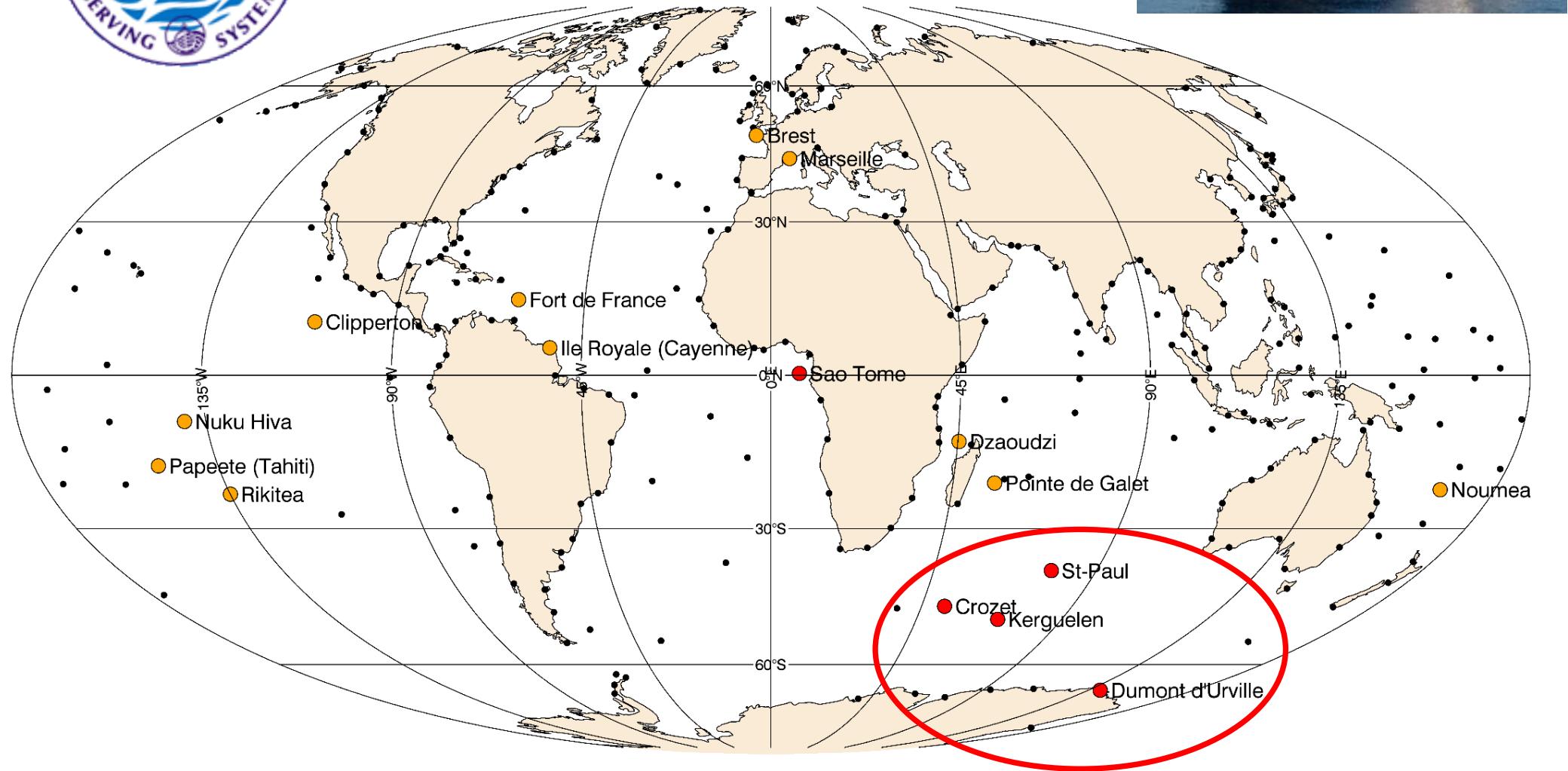
L. Testut, P. Téchiné

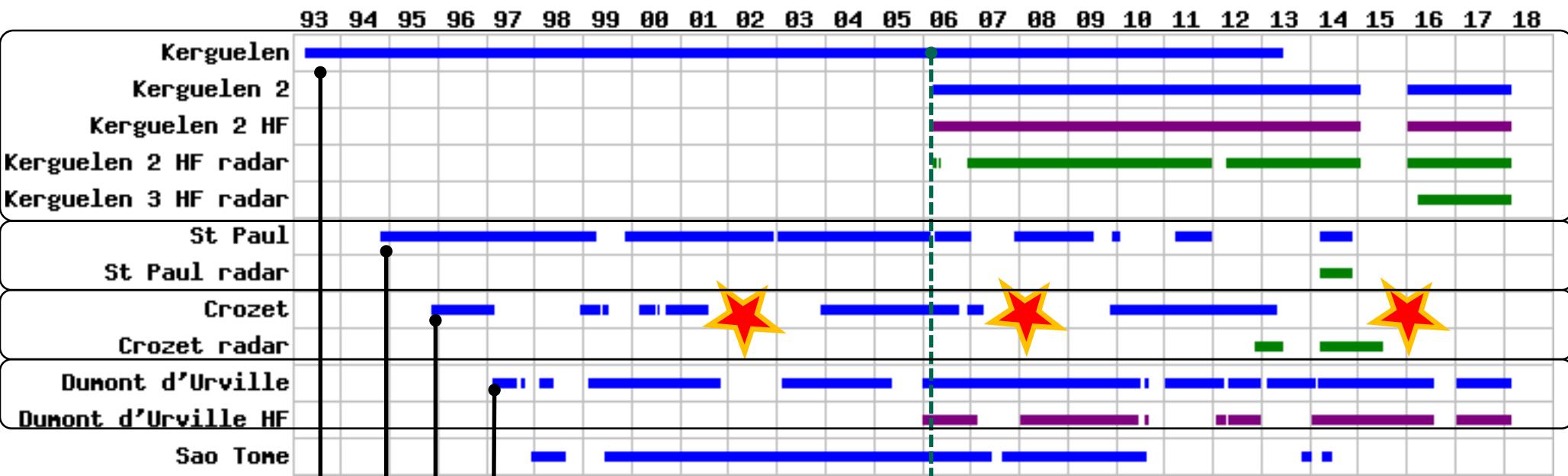
*M. Calzas, A. Guillot, C. Guillerm, C. Brachet, C. Drezen, L. Fichen
T. Donal*

Legacy from Christian Le Provost



GLOSS/SONEL/ROSAME





Aanderra WLR7
Digiquartz® sensors

- Bottom Pressure Sensor
- Stilling well
- 1 hour sampling
- ARGOS satellite transmission



2006

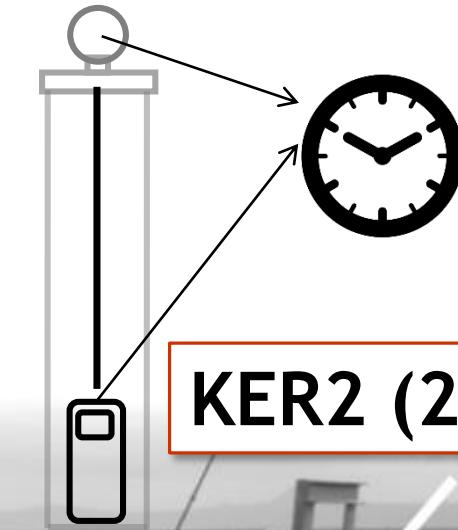
- Duplication of sensor
- Radar technology (Krohne)
- Higher sampling (1')
- Ethernet transmission
- Instrumental development of our own station (see poster)
 - Sensors
 - Datalogger
 - Gps toys



Kerguelen

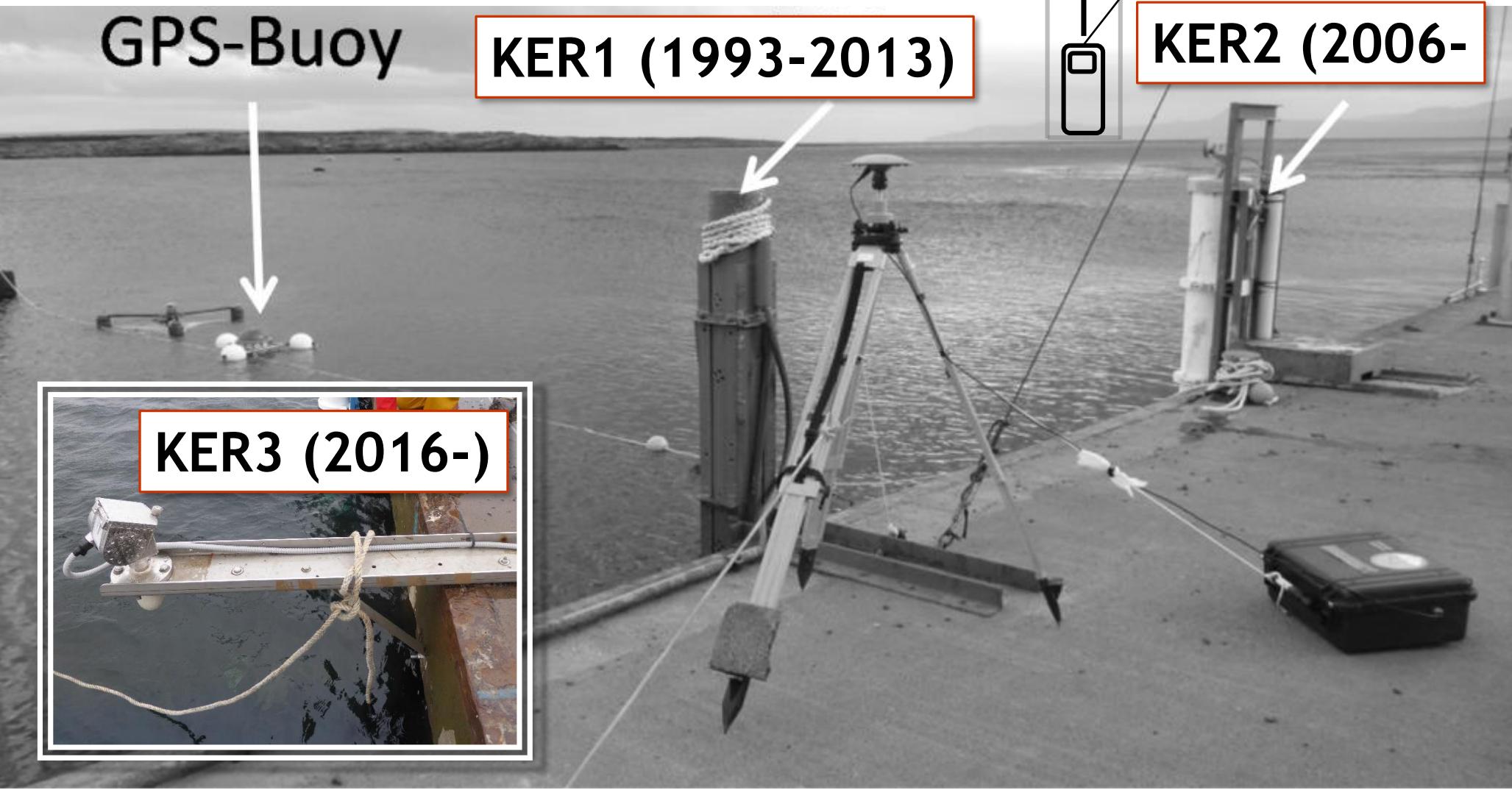
GPS-Buoy

KER1 (1993-2013)

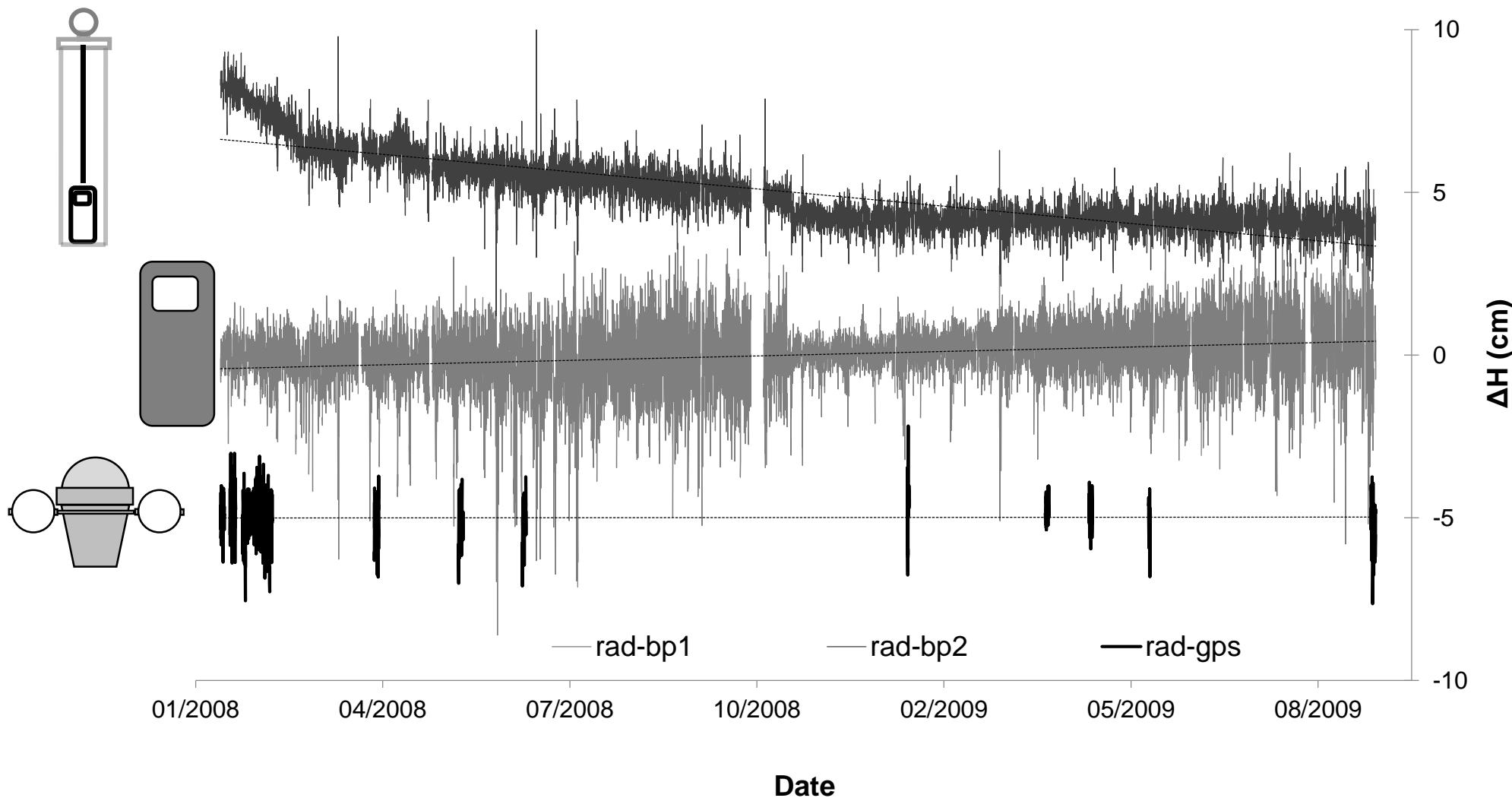


KER2 (2006-

KER3 (2016-)



Inter comparison of sensors

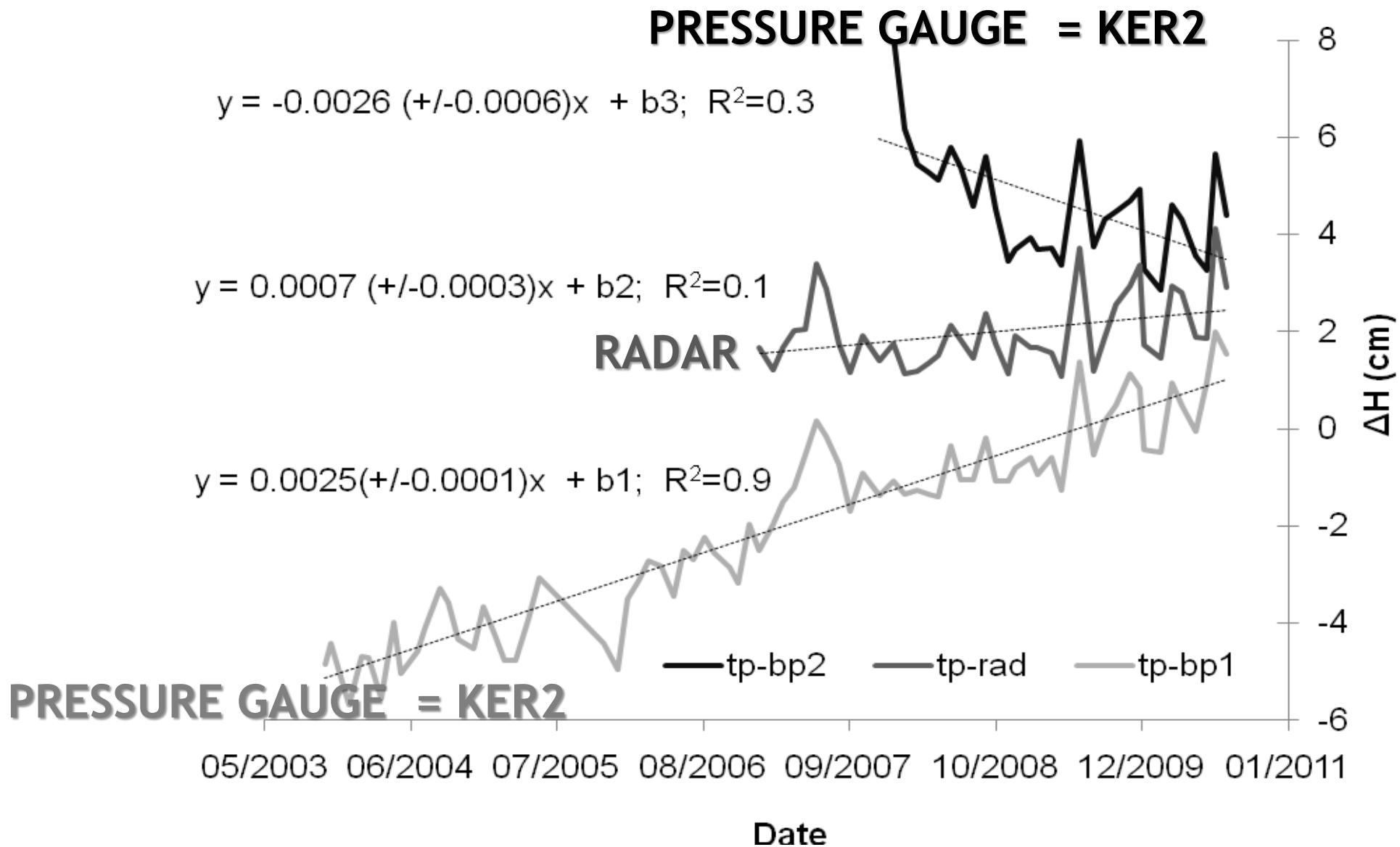


Monitoring the sensor stability

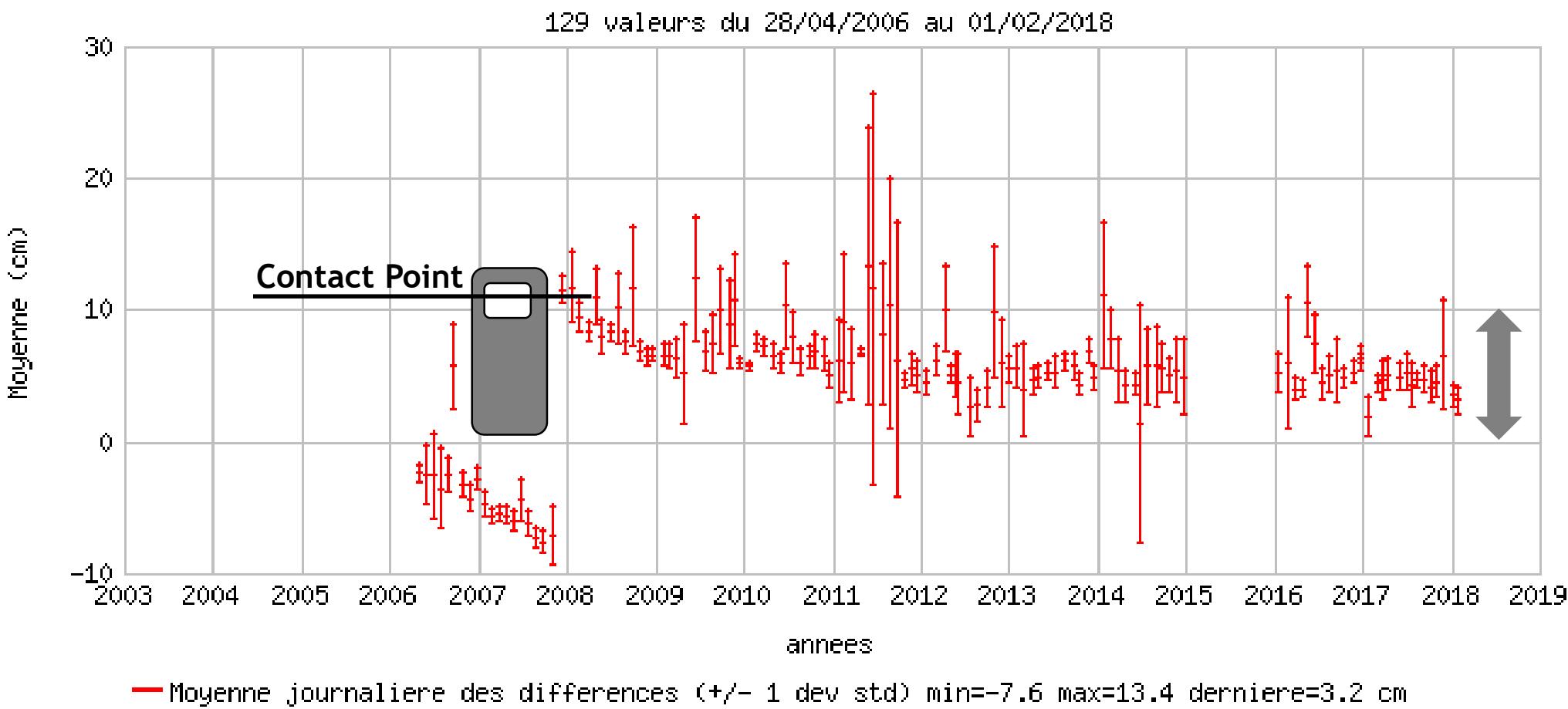
- Critical to detect signal of few mm/yr



Tide pole as a reference



“Automatic” stability monitoring



The perfect configuration ?

- Monthly readings
- Automatic processing

TIDE POLE

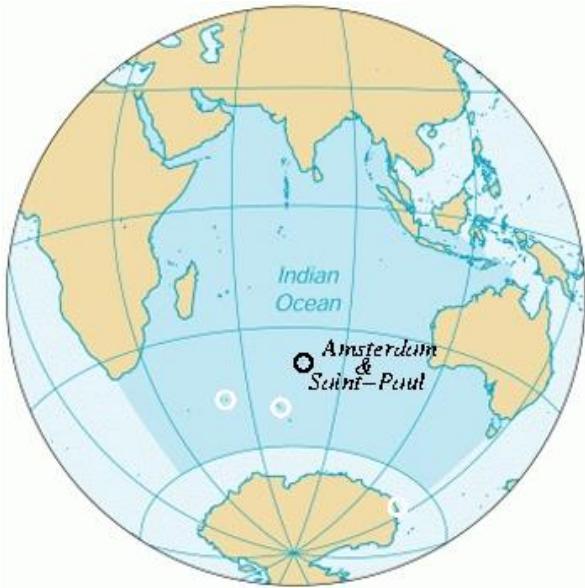
- Eth. (2')+ARGOS(20')
- BP+RADAR

KER2

- Eth. (1') (cheap)
- RADAR (1k€)
- Campbell (1k€)
- No stilling well

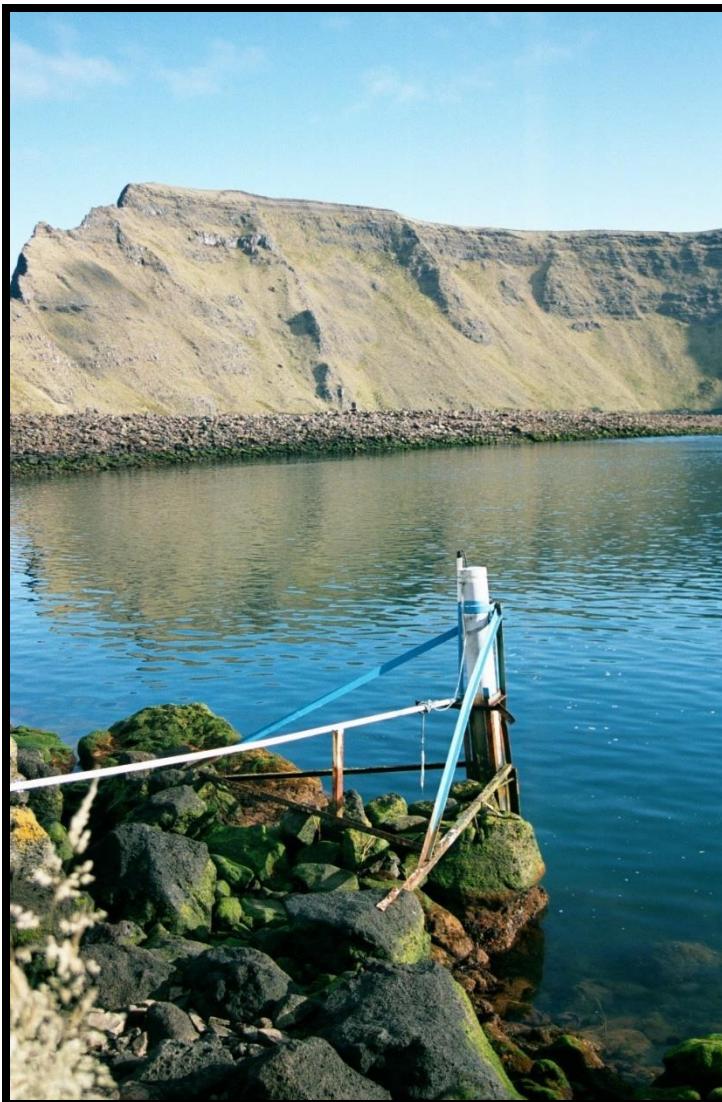
KER3





Saint-Paul

($77^{\circ}32' E$ - $38^{\circ}42' S$)



TG: Pressure Gauge

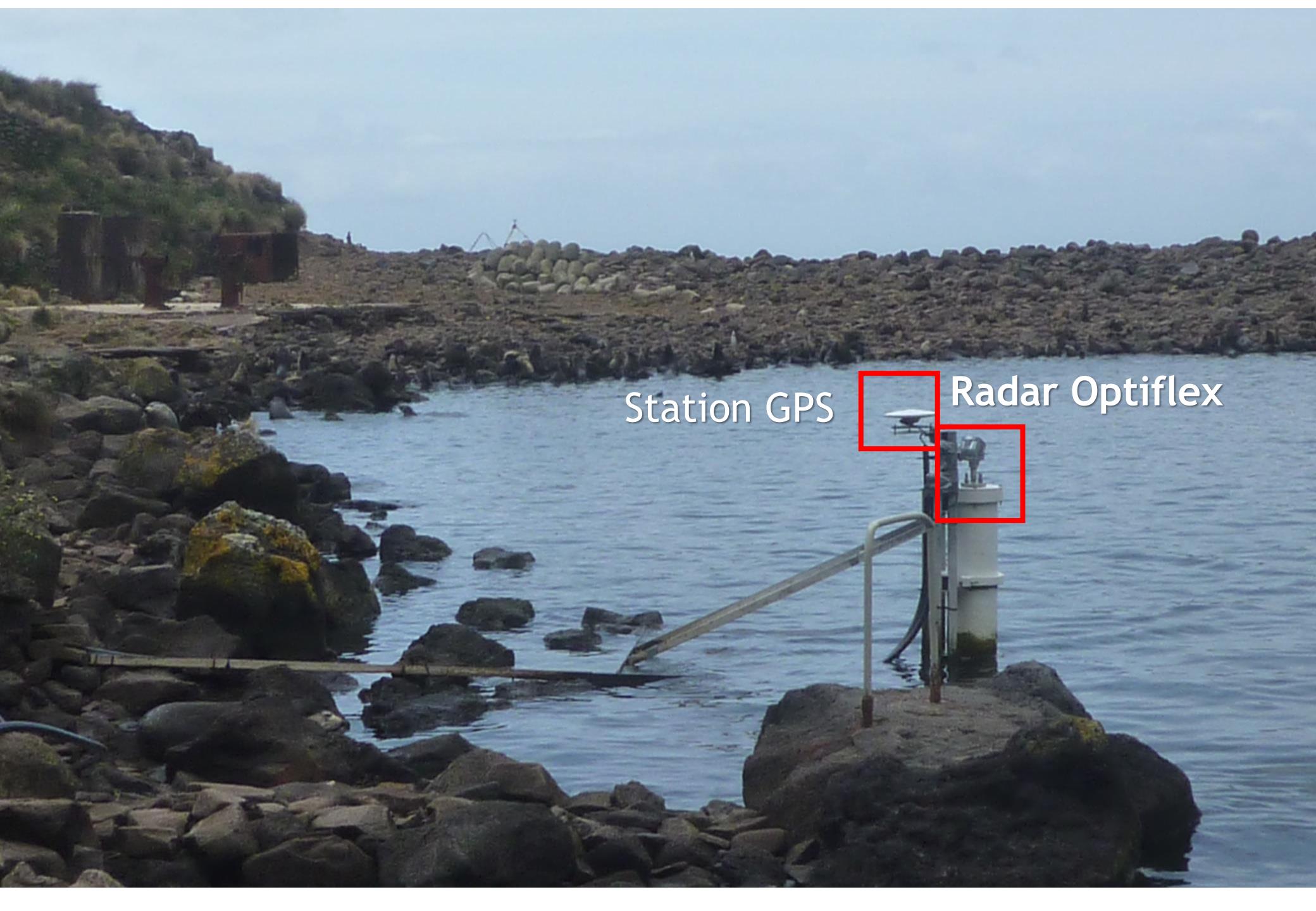
Type: WLR7 Aanderaa

Inst. date: 1994

Time sampling: 1h

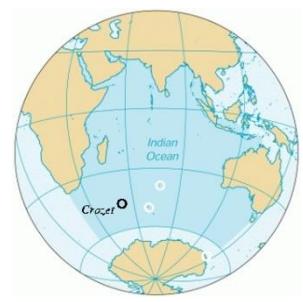
Transmission: Argos

- No energy
- No ethernet
- No one



Station GPS

Radar Optiflex



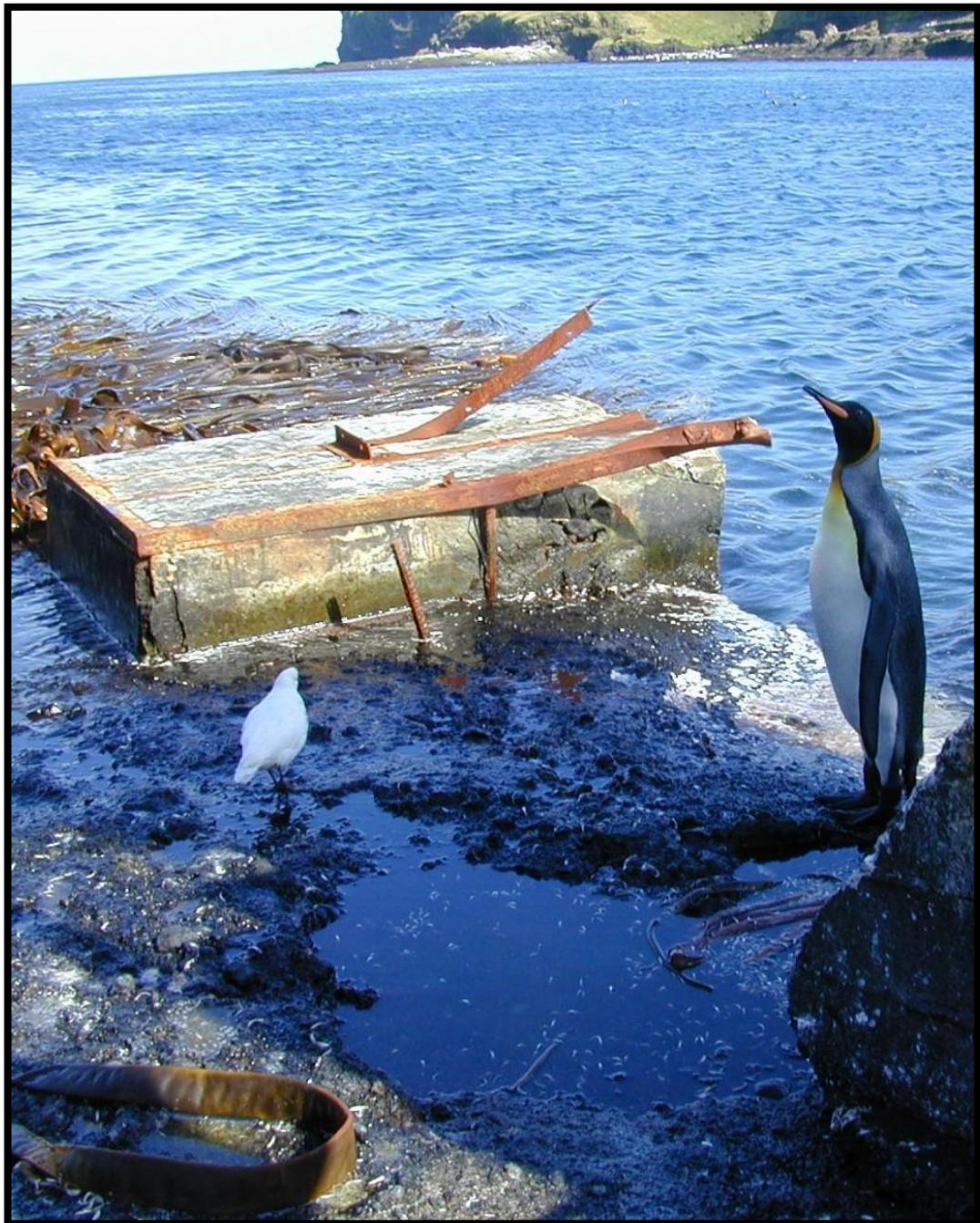
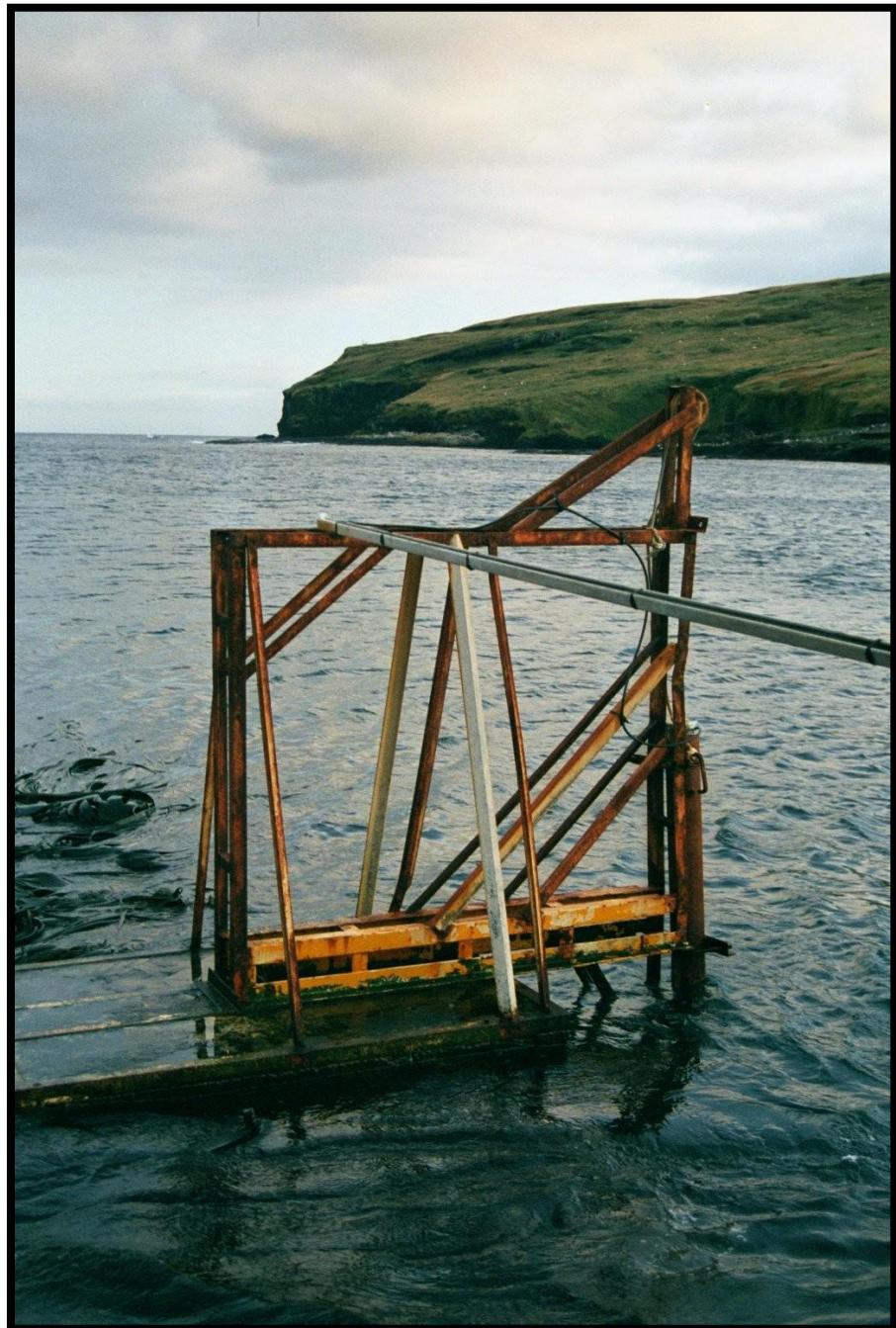
Crozet



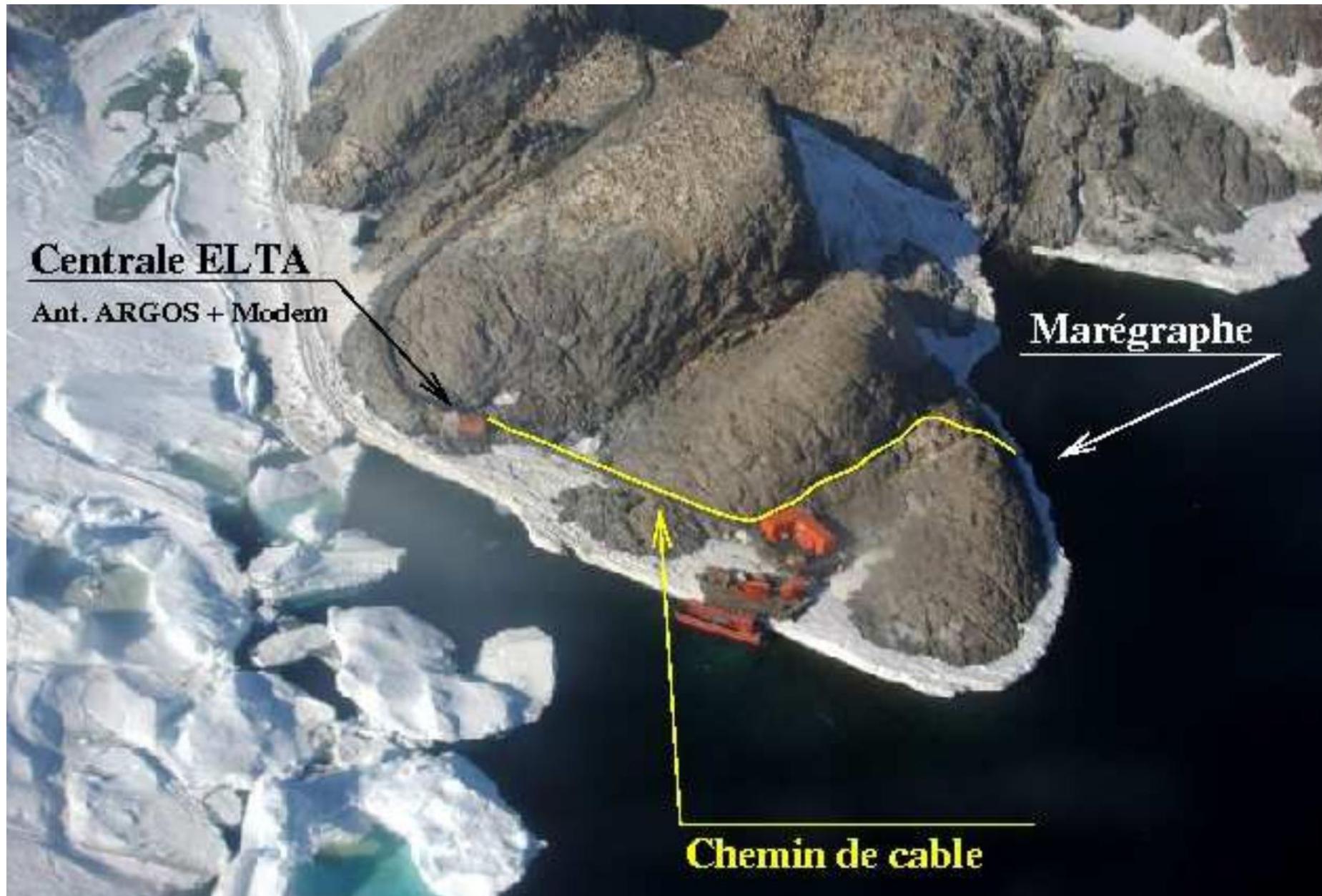


TIDE GAUGE





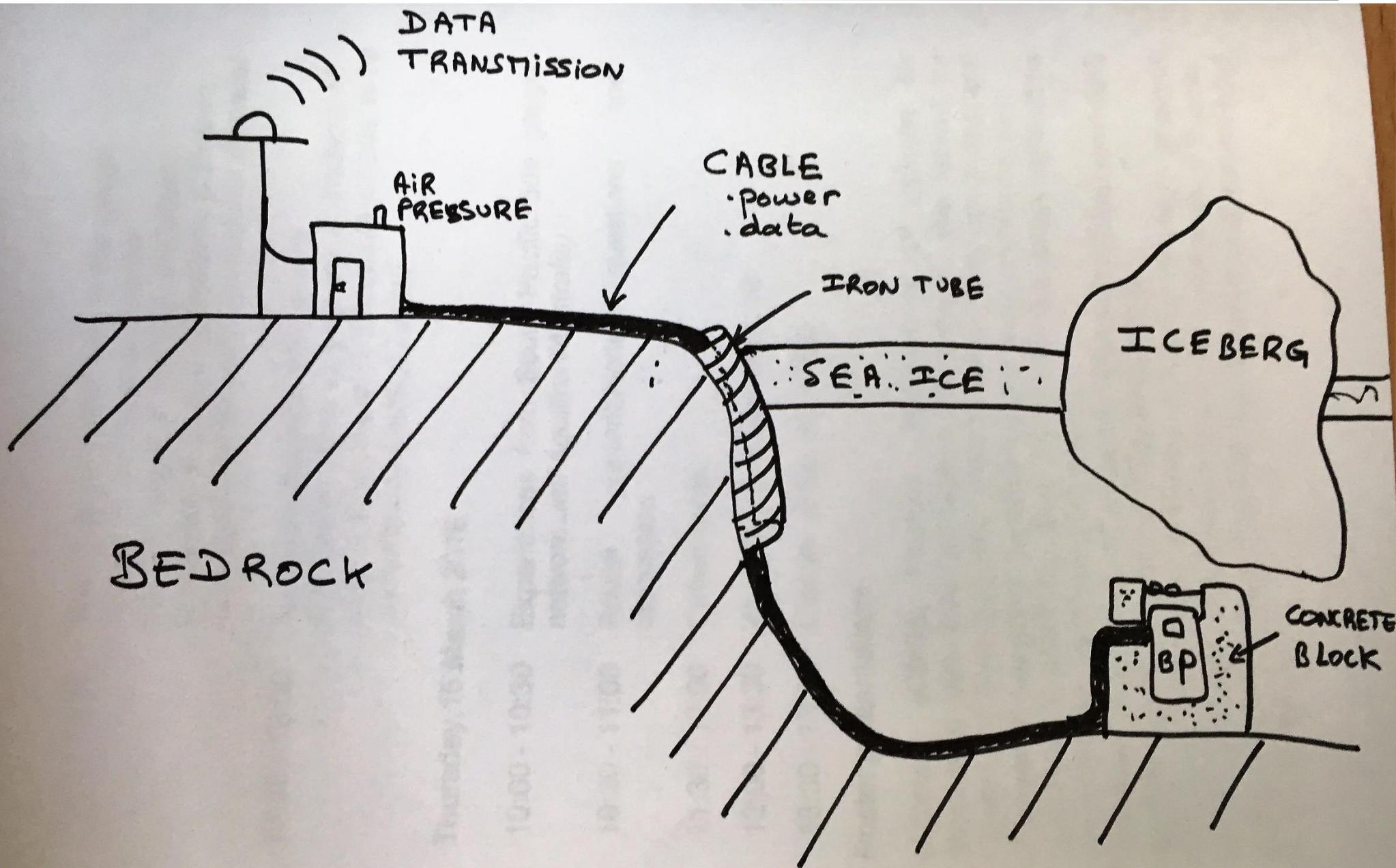
Dumont d'Urville



Dumont d'Urville



Dumont d'Urville













RECOMMANDATION

- Use radar technologies if possible
- Control your observatory
 - Levelling
 - **In situ** sensor calibration
 - Permanent GPS station (and send the data to SONEL www.sonel.org)
- If you can duplicate the sensors and telemetry to avoid gaps

<http://www.legos.obs-mip.fr/observations/rosame/>